To,

All Banks Authorised to Deal in Foreign Exchange

Madam / Sir,

Master Circular on Direct Investment by Residents in Joint Venture (JV)/
Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) abroad

Direct investments by residents in Joint Venture (JV) and Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) abroad are being allowed, in terms of clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 6 of the Foreign Exchange Management Act 1999, (42 of 1999) read with Notification No. GSR 757 (E) dated November 19, 2004 and FEMA Notification 120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004, as amended from time to time.

- 2. This Master Circular consolidates the existing instructions on the subject of "Direct Investment by Residents in Joint Venture (JV) / Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) abroad" at one place. The list of underlying circulars/notifications is furnished in the Appendix.
- 3. This Master Circular is issued with a sunset clause of one year. This circular will stand withdrawn on July 01, 2009 and be replaced by an updated Master Circular on the subject.

Yours faithfully,

(Salim Gangadharan) Chief General Manager-in-Charge

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PART - I

	Section A – General
A.1 Introduction	(1). Overseas investments in Joint Ventures (JV) and Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (WOS) have been recognised as important avenues for promoting global business by Indian entrepreneurs. Joint ventures are perceived as a medium of economic cooperation between India and other countries. Transfer of technology and skill, sharing of results of R&D, access to wider global market, promotion of brand image, generation of employment and utilisation of raw materials available in India and in the host country are other significant benefits arising out of such overseas investments. They are also important drivers of foreign trade through increased exports of plant and machinery and goods from India and also a source of foreign exchange earnings by way of dividend earnings, royalty, technical knowhow fee and other entitlements on such investments. (2). In keeping with the spirit of liberalisation, which has become the hallmark of economic policy in general, and Foreign Exchange regulations in particular, the Reserve Bank has been progressively relaxing its rules and simplifying the procedures

A.2 Statutory basis (1). Section 6 of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 provides powers to the Reserve Bank to specify, in consultation with the Central Government the classes of permissible Capital Account transactions and limits up to which exchange is admissible for such transactions. Section 6(3) of the aforesaid Act provides powers to the Reserve Bank to prohibit, restrict or regulate various transactions referred to in the sub-clauses of that sub-section, by making Regulations. (2). In exercise of the above powers, the Reserve Bank has in super session of earlier Notification No.FEMA19/RB-2000 dated 3rd May 2000 and amendments thereto, issued Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of any Foreign Security) Regulations, 2004 vide Notification No. FEMA 120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004 (as amended vide Notification No. FEMA 132/2005-RB dated 31st March 2005, Notification No. FEMA 135/2005-RB dated 17th May 2005, Notification No. FEMA 139/2005-RB dated 11th August 2005, Notification No. FEMA 150/2006-RB dated 21st August 2006 and Notification No. FEMA 164/2007-RB dated 9th October 2007) (hereinafter referred to as 'the Notification'). The Notification seeks to regulate acquisition and transfer of a foreign security by a person resident in India i.e. investment by Indian entities in overseas joint ventures and wholly owned subsidiaries as also investment by a person resident in India in shares and securities issued outside India. A.3 Prohibitions Indian parties are prohibited from making investment in a foreign entity engaged in real estate (as defined in Regulation 2(p) of the Notification) or banking business, without the prior approval of Reserve Bank. A.4 General In terms of Regulation 4 of the Notification, general permission **Permission** has been granted to residents for purchase / acquisition of securities in the following manner

- (a) out of funds held in RFC account;
- (b) as bonus shares on existing holding of foreign currency shares; and
- (c) when not permanently resident in India, out of their foreign currency resources outside India.

General permission is also available to sell the shares so purchased or acquired.

Section B - Direct Investment Outside India

B.1 Automatic Route

- (1). In terms of Regulation 6 of the Notification, an Indian party has been permitted to make investment in overseas Joint Ventures (JV) / Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (WOS), not exceeding 400 per cent of the net worth of the Indian party as on the date of the last audited balance sheet.
- (2). The ceiling of 400 per cent of net worth will not be applicable where the investment is made out of balances held in Exchange Earners' Foreign Currency account of the Indian party or out of funds raised through ADRs/GDRs. The Indian party should approach an Authorised Dealer Category I bank with an application in Form ODI and prescribed enclosures / documents for effecting remittances towards such investments.
- (3). Such overseas investments will include contribution to the capital of the overseas JV / WOS, loan granted to the JV / WOS, and 100 per cent of guarantees issued to or on behalf of the JV/WOS. The investments are subject to the following conditions:
 - a) The Indian entity may extend loan / guarantee to an overseas concern only in which it has equity participation. Indian entities may offer any form of guarantee corporate or personal / primary or collateral / guarantee by the promoter company / guarantee by group company, sister concern or associate company in India; provided that
 - All financial commitments including all forms of guarantees are within the overall ceiling prescribed for overseas investment by the Indian party i.e. currently within 400 per cent of the net worth of the Indian party,
 - ii) No guarantee is 'open ended' i.e. the amount of the guarantee should be specified upfront, and
 - iii) As in the case of corporate guarantees, all guarantees are required to be reported to Reserve Bank, in Form ODI-Part II. Guarantees issued by banks in India in favour of WOSs /

JVs outside India, would be outside this ceiling and would be subject to prudential norms issued by Reserve Bank from time to time.

Note: Specific approval of the Reserve Bank will be required for creating charge on immovable property and pledge of shares of the Indian parent/ group companies in favour of a non-resident entity.

- b) The Indian party should not be on the Reserve Bank's Exporters caution list / list of defaulters to the banking system circulated by the Reserve Bank / Credit Information Bureau (India) Ltd (CIBIL) / or any other Credit Information company as approved by the Reserve Bank or under investigation by any investigation / enforcement agency or regulatory body.
- c) All transactions relating to a JV / WOS should be routed through one branch of an authorised dealer bank to be designated by the Indian party.
- d) In case of partial / full acquisition of an existing foreign company, where the investment is more than USD 5 million, valuation of the shares of the company shall be made by a Category I Merchant Banker registered with SEBI or an Investment Banker / Merchant Banker outside India registered with the appropriate regulatory authority in the host country; and, in all other cases by a Chartered Accountant or a Certified Public Accountant.
- e) In cases of investment by way of swap of shares, irrespective of the amount, valuation of the shares will have to be by a Category I Merchant Banker registered with SEBI or an Investment Banker outside India registered with the appropriate regulatory authority in the host country. Approval of the Foreign Investment Promotion Board (FIPB) will also be a prerequisite for investment by swap of shares.
- f) In case of investment in overseas JV / WOS abroad by a registered Partnership firm, where entire funding for such

- investment is done by the firm, it will be in order for individual partners to hold shares for and on behalf of the firm in the overseas JV / WOS if the host country regulations or operational requirements warrant such holdings.
- g) (i) Investments in JV/WOS abroad by Indian parties through the medium of a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) is also permitted under the Automatic Route subject to the conditions that the Indian party is not included in the Reserve Bank's Caution list or is under investigation by the Enforcement Directorate or included in the list of defaulters to the banking system circulated by the Reserve Bank/any other Credit Information company as approved by the Reserve Bank Indian parties whose names appear in the Defaulters' list require prior approval of the Reserve Bank for the investment.
 - (ii) It is clarified that setting up of an SPV under the Automatic Route is permitted only for the purpose of investment in JV/WOS overseas.
- h) An Indian party may acquire shares of a foreign company engaged in a bonafide business activity, in exchange of ADRs/GDRs issued to the latter in accordance with the Scheme for issue of Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds and Ordinary Shares (through Depository Receipt Mechanism) Scheme, 1993, and the guidelines issued there under from time to time by the Central Government, provided:
 - (i) ADRs/GDRs are listed on any stock exchange outside India:
 - (ii) The ADR and/or GDR issue for the purpose of acquisition is backed by underlying fresh equity shares issued by the Indian party;
 - (iii) The total holding in the Indian entity by persons resident outside India in the expanded capital base, after the new

ADR and/or GDR issue, does not exceed the sectoral cap prescribed under the relevant regulations for such investment under FDI;

- (iv) Valuation of the shares of the foreign company shall be
 - (a) as per the recommendations of the Investment Banker if the shares are not listed on any recognized stock exchange; or
 - (b) based on the current market capitalisation of the foreign company arrived at on the basis of monthly average price on any stock exchange abroad for the three months preceding the month in which the acquisition is committed and over and above, the premium, if any, as recommended by the Investment Banker in its due diligence report in other cases.
- (4). The Indian Party is required to report such acquisition in form ODI to the AD Bank for report to the Reserve Bank within a period of 30 days from the date of the transaction.

Note: Investments in Nepal are permitted only in Indian rupees. Investments in Bhutan are permitted in Indian Rupees as well as in freely convertible currencies. All dues receivable on investments made in freely convertible currencies, as well as their sale / winding up proceeds are required to be repatriated to India in freely convertible currencies only. **The automatic route** facility is not available for investment in Pakistan.

B.2 Investment in Unincorporated entities Overseas in oil sector under the Automatic Route

- (1). Investments in unincorporated entities overseas in the oil sector (i.e. for exploration and drilling for oil and natural gas, etc.) by Navaratna PSUs, ONGC Videsh Ltd.(OVL) and Oil India Ltd.(OIL) may be permitted by AD Category I banks, without any limit, provided such investments are approved by the competent authority.
- (2). Other Indian companies are also permitted under the Automatic Route to invest in unincorporated entities overseas in the oil sector up to 400 per cent of its net worth provided the proposal has been approved by the competent authority and is duly supported by certified copy of the Board resolution approving such investment. Investment in excess of 400 per cent of the net worth of an Indian company shall require prior approval of the Reserve Bank.

B.3 Method of Funding

- (1). Investment in an overseas JV / WOS may be funded out of one or more of the following sources: -
 - i) drawal of foreign exchange from an AD Bank in India;
 - ii) capitalisation of exports;
 - swap of shares (valuation as mentioned in para B.1(e) above);
 - iv) utilisation of proceeds of External Commercial
 Borrowings (ECBs) / Foreign Currency Convertible
 Bonds (FCCBs);
 - v) in exchange of ADRs/GDRs issued in accordance with the scheme for issue of Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds and Ordinary Shares (through Depository Receipt Mechanism) Scheme, 1993, and the guidelines issued there under from time to time by the Central Government balances held in EEEC account of the Indian party:
 - vi) balances held in EEFC account of the Indian party;

and

vii) utilisation of proceeds of foreign currency funds raised through ADR / GDR issues.

In respect of vi) and vii) above, the ceiling of 400 per cent of net worth will not apply. However, in respect of investments in the financial sector, they will be subject to compliance of Regulation 7 of the Notification ibid, irrespective of the method of funding.

- (2). General permission has been granted to residents for purchase / acquisition of securities in the following manner
 - (i) out of funds held in RFC account;
 - (ii) as bonus shares on existing holding of foreign currency shares; and
 - (iii) when not permanently resident in India, out of their foreign currency resources outside India (para A.4 above)

B.4 Capitalisation of exports and other dues

- (1). Indian parties are permitted to capitalise the payments due from the foreign entity towards exports, fees, royalties or any other dues from the foreign entity for supply of technical knowhow, consultancy, managerial and other services within the ceilings applicable. Capitalisation of export proceeds remaining unrealised beyond the prescribed period of realization will require prior approval of the Reserve Bank.
- (2). Indian software exporters are permitted to receive 25 per cent of the value of their exports to an overseas software start-up company in the form of shares without entering into Joint Venture Agreements, with prior approval of the Reserve Bank.

B. 5. Investments in Financial Services Sector

- (1). In terms of Regulation 7 of the Notification, an Indian party seeking to make investment in an entity engaged in the financial sector should fulfill the following additional conditions:
 - (i) be registered with the appropriate regulatory authority in India for conducting the financial sector activities;
 - (ii) have earned net profit during the preceding three financial years from the financial services activities;
 - (iii) have obtained approval for investment in financial sector activities abroad from regulatory authorities concerned in India and abroad; and
 - (iv) have fulfilled the prudential norms relating to capital adequacy as prescribed by the regulatory authority concerned in India.
- (2). A step down subsidiary of JV / WOS investing in a financial services sector is also required to comply with the above conditions.
- (3). Regulated entities in the financial sector making investments in any activity overseas are required to comply with the above guidelines. It is clarified that unregulated entities in the financial services sector in India may invest in non financial sector activities subject to compliance with the provisions of Regulation 6 of the Notification. It is further clarified that trading in Commodities Exchanges overseas and setting up JV/WOS for trading in overseas exchanges will be reckoned as financial services activity and require clearance from the Forward Markets Commission.

B. 6 Investment in Equity of Companies Registered Overseas / Rated Debt Instruments

(1) (i) Portfolio Investments by listed Indian companies

Listed Indian companies are permitted to invest up to 50 per cent of their net worth as on the date of the last audited balance sheet in (i) shares, and (ii) bonds / fixed income securities, rated not below investment grade by accredited / registered credit rating agencies, issued by listed overseas companies.

(ii) Investment by Mutual Funds

Indian Mutual Funds registered with SEBI are permitted to invest within an overall cap USD 7 billion in :

- i)ADRs / GDRs of the Indian and foreign companies,
- ii)equity of overseas companies listed on recognised stock exchanges overseas ,
- iii) initial and follow on public offerings for listing at recognized stock exchanges overseas,
- iv) foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, short term as well as long term instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit agencies,
- v) money market instruments rated not below investment grade,
- vi) repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade. The repos should not, however, involve any borrowing of funds by mutual funds,
- vii) government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade,
- viii) derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities.
- ix) short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade, and
- x) units / securities issued by overseas Mutual Funds or Unit

Trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in (a) aforesaid securities, (b) Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS) listed on recognized stock exchanges overseas, or (c) unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10 per cent of their net assets).

- (2). A limited number of qualified Indian Mutual Funds are permitted to invest cumulatively up to USD 1 billion in overseas Exchange Traded Funds as may be permitted by SEBI.
- (3). Domestic Venture Capital Funds registered with SEBI may invest in equity and equity linked instruments of off-shore Venture Capital Undertakings, subject to an overall limit of USD 500 million. Accordingly, Mutual Funds / Venture Capital Funds desirous of availing of this facility may approach SEBI for necessary permission.
- (4). General permission is available to the above categories of investors for sale of securities so acquired.

B.7 Approval of the Reserve Bank

- (1). Prior approval of the Reserve Bank would be required in all other cases of direct investment abroad. For this purpose, application together with necessary documents should be submitted in Form ODI through their Authorised Dealer Category I banks.
- (2). Reserve Bank, would inter alia, take into account the following factors while considering such applications:
 - a) Prima facie viability of the JV / WOS outside India;
 - b) Contribution to external trade and other benefits which will accrue to India through such investment;
 - Financial position and business track record of the Indian party and the foreign entity; and
 - d) Expertise and experience of the Indian party in the same or related line of activity of the JV / WOS outside India.

B.8 Investments in energy and natural resources sector

Reserve Bank will consider applications for investment in JV/WOS overseas in the energy and natural resources sectors

(e.g. oil, gas, coal and mineral ores) in excess of 400 per cent of the net worth of the Indian companies as on the date of the last audited balance sheet. Accordingly AD Category - I banks may forward such applications from their constituents to the Reserve Bank as per the laid down procedure.

B.9 Overseas Investments by Proprietorship Concerns

- (1) With a view to enabling recognized star exporters with a proven track record and a consistently high export performance to reap the benefits of globalization and liberalization, proprietorship concerns and unregistered partnership firms are allowed to set up a JV / WOS outside India with prior approval of the Reserve Bank subject to satisfying certain eligibility criteria. An application in form ODI may be made to the Chief General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, Overseas Investment Division, Central Office, Amar Building 5th Floor, Fort, Mumbai 400 001, through the AD Category I bank. AD Category I banks may forward the applications to the Reserve Bank along with their comments and recommendations, for consideration.
- (2). Investments by established proprietorship or unregistered partnership exporter firms will be subject to the following conditions:
 - i) The Partnership / Proprietorship firm is a DGFT recognized Star Export House.
 - ii) The AD Category I bank is satisfied that the exporter is KYC (Know Your Customer) compliant, is engaged in the proposed business and meets the requirement as indicated at i) above.
 - iii) Exporter has proven track record i.e. export outstanding does not exceed 10 per cent of the average export realization of preceding three financial years.
 - iv) The exporter has not come under adverse notice of any Government agency like Enforcement Directorate, CBI and does not appear in the exporters' caution list of the Reserve

Bank or in the list of defaulters to the banking system in India.
v) The amount of investment outside India does not exceed
10 per cent of the average of three financial years export
realization or 200 per cent of the net owned funds of the firm,
whichever is lower.

B. 10 Overseas investment by Registered Trust / Society

Registered Trusts and Societies engaged in manufacturing / educational sector are allowed make investment in the same sector(s) in a Joint Venture or Wholly Owned Subsidiary outside India, with the prior approval of the Reserve Bank. Trusts / Societies satisfying the eligibility criteria as given below may submit the application/s in Form ODI-Part I, through their AD Category - I bank/s, to the Chief General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, Overseas Investment Division, Central Office, Amar Building, 5th Floor, Fort, Mumbai 400 001, for consideration.

Eligibilty Criteria:

(a) Trust

- i) The Trust should be registered under the Indian Trust Act, 1882;
- ii) The Trust deed permits the proposed investment overseas;
- iii) The proposed investment should be approved by the trustee/s;
- iii) The AD Category I bank is satisfied that the Trust is KYC (Know Your Customer) compliant and is engaged in a bonafide activity;
- iv) The Trust has been in existence at least for a period of three years;
- v) The Trust has not come under the adverse notice of any Regulatory / Enforcement agency like the Directorate of Enforcement, CBI etc.

(b) Society

- i) The Society should be registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860.
- ii) The Memorandum of Association and rules and regulations

permit the Society to make the proposed investment which should also be approved by the governing body / council or a managing / executive committee.

- iii) The AD Category I bank is satisfied that the Society is KYC (Know Your Customer) compliant and is engaged in a bonafide activity;
- iv) The Society has been in existence at least for a period of three years;
- v) The Society has not come under the adverse notice of any Regulatory / Enforcement agency like the Directorate of Enforcement, CBI etc.

In addition to the registration, the activities which require special license / permission either from the Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India or from the relevant local authority, as the case may be, the ADCategory – I bank should ensure that such special license / permission has been obtained by the applicant.

B. 11 Post investment changes / additional investment in existing JV / WOS

A JV / WOS set up by the Indian party as per the Regulations may diversify its activities / set up step down subsidiary / alter the shareholding pattern in the overseas entity (subject to compliance of Regulation 7 of the Notification in the case of financial services sector companies). The Indian party should report to the Reserve Bank through the AD Category - I bank, the details of such decisions within 30 days of the approval of those decisions by the competent authority of the JV / WOS concerned in terms of local laws of the host country, and, include the same in the Annual Performance Report (APR—Part III of form ODI) required to be forwarded to the AD Category-I bank.

B.12 Acquisition of a foreign company through bidding or tender procedure

An Indian party may remit earnest money deposit or issue a bid bond guarantee for acquisition of a foreign company through bidding and tender procedure and also make subsequent remittances through an AD Category - I bank, in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 14 of the Notification.

B.13 Obligations of Indian Entity

(1). An Indian party which has made direct investment abroad is

under obligation to (a) receive share certificate or any other document as an evidence of investment, (b) repatriate to India the dues receivable from foreign entity, and (c) submit the documents / Annual Performance Report to the Reserve Bank, in accordance with the provisions specified in Regulation 15 of the Notification.

(2). Reporting requirements including submission of Annual Performance Report are also applicable for investors in unincorporated entities in the oil sector.

B.14 Transfer by way of sale of shares of a JV / WOS

- (1). Indian parties may also disinvest without prior approval of the Reserve Bank, in the under noted categories:
 - i) in case where the JV / WOS is listed in the overseas stock exchange;
 - ii) in cases where the Indian promoter company is listed on a stock exchange in India and has a net worth of not less than Rs.100 crore:
 - iii) where the investment of the Indian promoter company in the overseas venture does not exceed USD 10 million.
- (2). The disinvestment shall be subject to the following conditions:
 - the sale is affected through a stock exchange where the shares of the overseas JV/ WOS are listed;
 - (ii) if the shares are not listed on the stock exchange and the shares are disinvested by a private arrangement, the share price is not less than the value certified by a Chartered Accountant / Certified Public Accountant as the fair value of the shares based on the lateset audited financial statements of the JV / WOS;
 - (iii) the overseas concern has been in operation for at least one full year and the Annual Performance Report together with the audited accounts for that year has been submitted to the Reserve Bank;

(iv) the Indian party is not under investigation by / CBI / ED/ SEBI / IRDA or any other regulatory authority in India.

The Indian entity is required to submit details of the disinvestment through its designated AD Category – I bank within 30 days from the date of disinvestment. An Indian party, which does not satisfy the conditions laid down, shall have to apply to the Reserve Bank for prior permission.

B.15 Pledge of Shares of JV/WOS

An Indian party may pledge the shares of JV / WOS to an AD Category – I bank or a public financial institution in India for availing of any credit facility for itself or for the JV / WOS abroad in terms of Regulation 18 of the Notification. Indian parties may also transfer by way of pledge, the shares held in overseas JV/WOS, to an overseas lender, provided the lender is regulated and supervised as a bank and the total financial commitments of the Indian parties remain within the limit stipulated by Reserve Bank for overseas investments, from time to time.

B.16 Hedging of Overseas Direct Investments

- (1). Resident entities having overseas direct investments are permitted to hedge the exchange risk arising out of such investments. AD Banks may enter into forward / option contracts with resident entities who wish to hedge their overseas direct investments (in equity and loan), subject to verification of such exposure. Cancellation of such forward contracts may be permitted by AD Category I banks and 50 per cent of such cancelled contracts may be allowed to be rebooked.
- (2). If a hedge becomes naked in part or full owing to shrinking of the market value of the overseas direct investment, the hedge may continue to the original maturity. Rollovers on the due date are permitted up to the extent of market value as on that date.

SECTION C - Other Investments in Foreign Securities

C.1 Permission for purchase/ acquisition of foreign securities in certain cases

General permission has been granted to a person resident in India who is an individual -

- a) to acquire foreign securities as a gift from any person resident outside India;
- to acquire shares under Cashless Employees Stock
 Option Scheme issued by a company outside India,
 provided it does not involve any remittance from India;
- c) to acquire shares by way of inheritance from a person whether resident in or outside India;
- d) to purchase equity shares offered by a foreign company under its ESOP Schemes if he is an employee, or, a director of an Indian office or branch of a foreign company, or, of a subsidiary in India of a foreign company, or, an Indian company in which foreign equity holding, either direct or through a holding company/Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV), is not less than 51 per cent. AD Category – I banks are permitted to allow remittances for purchase of shares by eligible persons under this provision irrespective of the method of operationalisation of the scheme i.e where the shares under the scheme are offered directly by the issuing company or indirectly through a trust / a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) / step down subsidiary, provided (i) the company issuing the shares effectively, directly or indirectly, holds in the Indian company, whose employees / directors are being offered shares, not less than 51 per cent of its equity, (ii) the shares under the ESOP Scheme are offered by the issuing company globally on uniform basis, and (iii) An Annual Return (Annex A, Part II, item 11) is submitted by the Indian company to the Reserve Bank through the AD Category - I bank giving details of remittances / beneficiaries, etc.

A person resident in India may transfer by way of sale the shares acquired as stated above provided that the proceeds thereof are repatriated immediately on receipt thereof and in any case not later than 90 days from the date of sale of such securities.

- e) Foreign companies are permitted to repurchase the shares issued to residents in India under any ESOP Scheme provided (i) the shares were issued in accordance with the Rules / Regulations framed under Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, (ii) the shares are being repurchased in terms of the initial offer document and, (iii) An annual return is submitted through the AD Category I bank giving details of remittances / beneficiaries, etc.
- f) In all other cases, not covered by general or special permission, approval of the Reserve Bank is required to be obtained before acquisition of a foreign security.

C.2 Pledge of a foreign security by a person resident in India

The shares acquired by persons resident in India in accordance with the provisions of Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 or Rules or Regulations made thereunder are allowed to be pledged for obtaining credit facilities in India from an AD Category – I bank / Public Financial Institution.

C.3 General permission in certain cases

Residents are permitted to acquire a foreign security, if it represents –

- a) qualification shares for becoming a director of a company outside India provided it does not exceed 1 per cent of the paid up capital of the overseas company and the consideration for the acquisition does not exceed USD 20,000 in a calendar year;
- rights shares provided that the rights shares are being issued by virtue of holding shares in accordance with the provisions of law for the time being in force;
- c) purchase of shares of a JV / WOS abroad of the Indian promoter company by the employees/directors of Indian promoter company which is engaged in the field of software where the consideration for purchase does not exceed USD 10,000 or its equivalent per employee in a block of five calendar years; the shares so acquired do not exceed 5 per cent of the paid-up capital of the JV / WOS outside India; and after allotment of such shares, the percentage of shares held by the Indian promoter company, together with shares allotted to its employees is not less than the percentage of shares held by the Indian promoter company prior to such allotment; and
- d) purchase of foreign securities under ADR / GDR linked stock option schemes by resident employees of Indian companies in the knowledge based sectors, including working directors provided purchase consideration does not exceed USD 50,000 or its equivalent in a block of five calendar years.

PART - II

Operational Instructions to Authorised Dealer Banks

1.Designated branches

An eligible Indian party making investment in a Joint Venture (JV) / Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) outside India is required to route all its transactions relating to the investment through one branch of an AD Category - I bank designated by it in terms of clause (v) of sub regulation 2 of Regulation 6 of the notification. All communication from the Indian parties, to the Reserve Bank, relating to the investment outside India should be routed through the same branch of the AD Category - I bank that has been designated by the Indian investor for the investment. The designated AD Category – I bank while forwarding the request from their customers to the Reserve Bank, should also forward its comments / recommendations on the request. However, the Indian party may designate different AD Category - I banks / branches of AD Category – I banks for different JV / WOS outside India. For proper follow up the AD Category – I bank is required to maintain party wise record in respect of each JV/ WOS.

2. Investments under Regulation 6 of Notification No. FEMA 120/2004-RB dated July 7, 2004

AD Category – I banks may allow investments up to the permissible limits on receipt of application in form ODI together with form A-2, duly filled in, from the Indian party(ies) making investments in a JV/WOS abroad subject to their complying with the conditions specified in Regulation 6 of Notification FEMA No.120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004 as amended from time to time. Investment in financial services should also comply with the norms stipulated at Regulation 7 of the Notification ibid. While forwarding the report of remittance in respect of investment in financial services sector, AD Category – I banks may certify that approvals from the Regulatory Authorities concerned in India and abroad have been obtained. Before allowing the remittance AD Category – I banks are required to ensure that the necessary

	documents, as prescribed in form ODI, have been submitted and
	found to be in order.
3.General procedural instructions	(1). With effect from June 01, 2007, reporting system for overseas investment has been revised. All the earlier forms
	have been subsumed into one form viz. ODI, comprising of four
	parts: Part I - which includes the following:
	Section A – Details of the Indian Party
	Section B – Details of Investment in New Project
	Section C - Details of Investment in Existing Project
	Section D – Funding for JV / WOS
	Section E – Declaration by the Indian Party (to be retained
	by AD Category – I bank)
	Section F - Certificate by the Statutory Auditors of the
	Indian Party (to be retained by AD Category – I bank)
	Part II - Reporting of Remittances
	Part III - Annual Performance Report (APR)
	Part IV – Report on Closure / Disinvestment / Voluntary
	Liquidation / Winding up of JV / WOS
	[Part IV is a new system introduced for reporting Closure / Disinvestment / Winding up / Voluntary Liquidation of the overseas JV / WOS under general permission]. The form can also be downloaded from Reserve Bank's website www.rbi.org.in.
	(2). It is reiterated that the revised form is only a rationalisation of the reporting procedure and there is no change or dilution in the existing eligibility criteria / documentation / limits. Eventually, these reports will be received on line by Reserve Bank.
	(3). Accordingly, AD Category - I banks may take action as under:
	a) In cases of Automatic Route - Parts I and II of form ODI should be submitted to The Chief General Manager, Reserve

Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, Overseas Investment Division, Amar Bldg. *5th* floor, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, Mumbai 400001.

- b) In case of Approval Route Part I of form ODI, along with the supporting documents, is required to be submitted after scrutiny and with specific recommendations by the designated AD Category I bank, at the address mentioned above. In case the proposal is approved, Part I will be returned by the Reserve Bank to the AD Category I bank. After effecting the remittance, the AD Category I bank should resubmit the same to the Reserve Bank along with Part II of form ODI.
- c) In case of disinvestment / closure / winding up / voluntary liquidation under the Automatic Route, in terms of A. P. (Dir Series) Circular No. 29 dated March 27, 2006, a report should be submitted by the designated AD Category I bank, in Part IV of form ODI. In all other cases of disinvestment, an application along with the necessary supporting documents should be submitted to the Reserve Bank as per the existing procedure.
- (4). In cases where the investment is being made jointly by more than one Indian party, form ODI is required to be signed jointly by all the investing entities and submitted to the designated branch of the AD Category I bank. AD Category I banks should forward to the Reserve Bank a consolidated form ODI indicating details of each party. The same procedure should be followed where the investment is made out of the proceeds of ADR / GDR issues of an Indian party in terms of Regulation 6(5) of the Notification. The Reserve Bank would allot only one Unique Identification Number to the overseas project.
- (5). AD Category I banks should allow remittance towards loan to the JV / WOS and / or issue guarantee to / on behalf of the JV / WOS abroad only after ensuring that the Indian party has an equity stake in the JV / WOS.

4. Investments under Regulation 11 of Notification No. FEMA 120/2004-RB dated July 7, 2004

In terms of Regulation 11, Indian parties are permitted to make direct investment in JV / WOS abroad by way of capitalisation of exports or other dues/entitlements like royalties, technical knowhow fees, consultancy fees, etc. In such cases also, the Indian party is required to submit details of the capitalisation in form ODI to the designated branch of the AD Category - I bank. Such investments by way of capitalisation are also to be reckoned while computing the cap of 400 per cent prescribed in terms of Regulation 6. Further, in cases where the export proceeds are being capitalised in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 11, the AD Category – I banks are required to obtain a custom certified copy of the invoice as required under Regulation 12(2) and forward it to the Reserve Bank together with revised form ODI. Capitalisation of export proceeds or other entitlements, which are overdue, would require prior approval of the Reserve Bank for which the Indian parties should make an application in form ODI to the Reserve Bank for consideration.

5. Allotment Unique Identification Number (UIN)

On receipt of the form ODI from the AD Category – I bank, the Reserve Bank will allot a Unique Identification Number to each JV or WOS abroad, which is required to be quoted in all correspondence with the Reserve Bank. AD Category – I banks may allow additional investment in an existing overseas concern set up by an Indian party, in terms of Regulation 6 only after the Reserve Bank has allotted necessary Unique Identification Number to the overseas project.

6. Investment by way of share swap

In the case of investment by way of share swap, AD Category – I banks are additionally required to submit to the Reserve Bank the details of transactions such as number of shares received / allotted, premium paid / received, brokerage paid / received etc., and also confirmation to the effect that the inward leg of transaction has been approved by FIPB and the valuation has been done as per laid-down procedure and that the overseas company's shares are issued / transferred in the name of the Indian investing company. AD Category – I bank may also obtain an undertaking from the applicants to the effect that future sale / transfer of shares so acquired by Non-Residents in the Indian company shall be in accordance with the provisions of Notification No. FEMA 20/2000-RB dated May 3, 2000 as amended from time to time.

7. Investments under Regulation 9 of Notification No. FEMA 120/2004-RB dated July 7, 2004

In terms of Regulation 9, investment in JV / WOS in certain cases requires prior approval of the Reserve Bank. AD Category – I banks may allow remittances under these specific approvals granted by the Reserve Bank and report the same to the Chief General Manager, Foreign Exchange Department, Central Office, Overseas Investment Division, Amar Building, 5th floor, Mumbai 400 001 in form ODI.

8. Purchase of foreign securities under ADR / GDR linked Stock Option Scheme

AD Category – I banks may make remittances upto USD 50,000 or its equivalent in a block of five calendar years, without the prior approval of the Reserve Bank, for purchase of foreign securities in the knowledge based sector under the ADR / GDR linked ESOPs, after satisfying that the issuing company has followed the relevant guidelines of SEBI / Government.

9. Remittance towards Earnest Money Deposit or Issue of Bid Bond Guarantee

(i) In terms of Regulation 14 of the Notification, AD Category – I banks may, on being approached by an Indian party which is eligible for investment under Regulation 6, allow remittance towards Earnest Money Deposit (EMD) to the extent eligible after obtaining Form A2 duly filled in or may issue bid bond guarantee on their behalf for participation in bidding or tender procedure for acquisition of a company incorporated outside India. On winning the bid, AD banks may remit the acquisition value after obtaining Form A2 duly filled in and report such remittance (including the amount initially remitted towards EMD) to the Chief General Manager, Foreign Exchange Department, Central Office, Overseas Investment Division, Amar Building, 5th floor, Mumbai 400 001 in form ODI. AD Category – I banks, while permitting remittance towards EMD should advise the Indian party that in case they are not successful in the bid, they should ensure that the amount remitted is repatriated in accordance with Foreign Exchange Management (Realisation, Repatriation & Surrender of Foreign Exchange) Regulations, 2000 (cf. Notification No. FEMA 9/2000-RB dated 3rd May 2000) as amended from time to time (ii) In cases where an Indian party, after being successful in the bid / tender decides not to proceed further with the investment, AD banks should submit full details of remittance allowed towards EMD / invoked bid bond guarantee, to the Chief General Manager, Foreign Exchange Department, Central Office, Overseas Investment Division, Amar Building, 5th floor, Mumbai 400 001.

(iii) In case the Indian party is successful in the bid, but the terms and conditions of acquisition of a company outside India are not in conformity with the provisions of Regulations in Part I, or different from those for which approval under sub-regulation (3) was obtained, the Indian entity should obtain approval from the Reserve Bank by submitting form ODI.

10. Transfer by way of sale of shares of a JV / WOS outside India

The Indian party should report details of the disinvestment through the AD Category – I bank within 30 days of disinvestment in Part IV of the Form ODI as indicated in para 3 (3) (c) above . Sale proceeds of shares / securities shall be repatriated to India immediately on receipt thereof and in any case not later than 90 days from the date of sale of the shares / securities.

Annex – A ESOP Reporting

Statement of shares allotted to Indian employees / directors under ESOP

Schemes for the year ended March ______

(to be submitted on the letterhead of the company through their AD bank)

(to be submitted on the letternead of	the company through their AD bank)
We,, (Indian company) he	ereby declare that:
a) (foreign company) has issunder ESOP Scheme during the year as ur	
(i) No. of shares allotted	;
(ii) Number of employees/directors v	vho accepted shares :
(iii) Amount remitted	:
b) effective holding of the foreign compan on March 31,, is not less than 51%	•
c) the information furnished above is true and belief.	and correct to the best of our knowledge
Signature of the Authorised Official :	
Name :	
Designation : Date :	
To,	
The Chief General Manager Reserve Bank of India	

The Chief General Manager
Reserve Bank of India
Foreign Exchange Department,
Overseas Investment Division,
Central Office, Amar Bldg., 5th Floor,
Sir. P.M. Road, Fort, Mumbai 400 001.

Annex -B

Statement of shares repurchased by the issuing company from Indian employees / directors under ESOP Schemes for the year ended March _

(to be submitted on the letterhead of the company through their AD bank)

We, (Indian company) hereby declare that:									
a) (foreign company) has repurchased shares issued to our employees under ESOP Scheme during the year,									
(i) Number of shares allotted :									
(ii) Number of employees/directo	rs who sold shares :								
(iii) Amount of remittance (inward	;								
b) effective holding of the foreign compon March 31,, is not less than 5	pany M/s in the Indian company, as 1% and								
c) the information furnished above is and belief.	true and correct to the best of our knowledge								
Signature of the Authorised Official	:								
Name	:								
Designation	:								
Date	:								
To,									

The Chief General Manager Reserve Bank of India Foreign Exchange Department, Overseas Investment Division, Central Office, Amar Bldg., 5th Floor, Sir. P.M. Road, Fort, Mumbai 400 001.

FORM ODI PART I

For office use only Date of Receipt Inward No	
Section A: D	Details of Indian Party
(I) Investment under (i) Automatic Route	(ii) Approval Route
(In case there is more than one Indian \ensuremath{p}	arty, information may be given on separate sheets
for each of the parties)	
(II) Name of Indian Party	
(III) Address of Indian Party	
City State	Pin
(IV) Contact Person Tel No. e-mail	Designation Fax
(V) Status of Indian Party: (Please tick ap	propriate category)
(1) Public Ltd. Company	2) Private Limited Company
(3) Public Sector Undertaking	(4) Registered Partnership
(5) Proprietorship	(6) Unregistered Partnership
(7) Trust	8) Society
(9) Others	

(VI) Activity code of Indian Party*

*NIC code at 3-digit level

[If the Indian Party is engaged in Financial sector or falls under the category of Proprietorship, Unregistered Partnership or Financial sector, please furnish the details in Item VII below].

 $\left(\text{VII}\right)$ Financial particulars of the Indian Party for the last 3 years

(Amt. in Rs. 000s)

Particulars	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
	31-3-	31-3	31-3
Foreign exchange earnings			
(excluding equity exports to JV/WOS)			
Net profit			
Paid-up Capital			
Net worth of (a) Indian Party			
(b) Group Company@			
	A C K L C C C		100/ DD 0004 I

[@] In terms of Explanation to Regulation 6 (3) of Notification No. FEMA 120/ RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004

(VIII) Particulars of existing Joint Ventures (JV) and Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (WOS) already in operation or under implementation, of the Indian party and its group concerns:

Sr. No.	Name of Indian Party	Unique Identification Number allotted by
INO.		Reserve Bank
1.		
2.		
3.		

(IX) Whether the proposed investment is (Tick the appropriate box)							
(a) New Project (Please furnish the details in Section B)							
(b) Existing Project* (Please furnish the details in Section C)							
* Acquisition of stake in an already existing JV/WOS overseas promoted by an Indian party							

Section B: Details of Investment in New Project

	Reserv											
(Purpose (a) Partic (c) Full (d) Partic (d) Partic	cipation acquisit al acqu	in JV tion of a	a forei	(b) C gn cond reign co	ontribu cern Concern	ition i	category in WOS				
	(f) Othe	_				,						
	(b) A (c) N (d) 6	lame of address lame of e-mail	f JV/Wo of JV/ f the cc ting ye	wos work	owed by	, JV/W	os [
` ,	·											
(IV)	Whethe	r JV/W	OS is S	SPV (Y	′/N)? [#						
# If `	Y, Pleas	e furnis	sh the o	details	in Sect	ion D						
Prop	oosed C	apital S	Structur	е								
	[a] Ind	ian Par	ty (ies)	9	stake		[b]	Foreigr	n partne	er(s)	% stal	ке
(1)						(1)						
(2)						(2)						
(3)						(3)						

Section C: Details of Investment in Existing Project

Indicate 13 digit Unique Identification Number issued by Reserve Bank									
(I) Purpose of Suppleme	entary	Investmer	nt (Plea	ase tio	k appro	priate cate	egory)	
(a) Enhancement of Equity in existing JV/WOS overseas									
(b) Enhancement of Preference Equity/ Convertible Debt									
(c) Grant/ Enhancement of Loan in existing JV/WOS									
(d) Extension/ E	(d) Extension/ Enhancement of Guarantees								
(e) Remittances	to Unii	ncorporate	ed Ent	ity 🗀					
(e) Others									
(II) Capital Structure	-> 1	0/ -1-1	ı	FI- 1	 :		<u> </u>	0/ -4-1	1
[a] Indian Party (ie	es)	% stake	(4)	[b]	Foreign	partner(s))	% stake	
(1)			(1)						
(2)			(2)						
(3)			(3)						
	<u>s</u>	ection D -	Func	ling fo	or JV / \		(Amo	unt in FC\	′ 000's)
I Full Value of the Over II Estimated cost of over		•		e Indi	an Party	, 🗆			
III Financial commitmen	t * (in a	applicable	FCY):	FYC		Amour	nt 🗀		
IV Method of Investmen (i) Cash Remitta (a) EEFC (b) Market Purch (ii) Capitalization (a) Export of plan (b) Others (pleas /GDRs [raised overseas (iv) ECB/FCCB (v) Swap of shar (vi) Others (Plea	ase ase of at and of ee Species se special A [I	machinery cify)						(iii)	ADRs
V. Whether JV/WOS is	•	//N) L							
(a) If Y, purpose of SI	PV:								

 i) Full value of the overseas acquisition ii) Direct / Indirect infusion by SPV ii) Funds raised overseas with guarantee/ counter guarantee from Indian party iii) Funds raised overseas without guarantee/ counter guarantee from Indian Party iv) Funds contributed in the form of equity/ preference equity/ shareholder's loans by foreign investors v) Securitisation vi) Any other mode (please specify) 	
Total	
VI. Guarantees/ Other Non fund based Commitme	ents
Note *: Financial Commitment as defined in FE 2(f)- Financial Commitment means amount of D equity, loan and 100 per cent of the amount of behalf of its overseas Joint Venture company or V	irect Investment by way of contribution to guarantee issued by Indian Party to or on
Section E : Declaration I	by the Indian Party
I (a) Whether the applicant party(ies), its promote by any investigative/enforcement agency or regul including present stage of investigation/ adjudicati	atory body. If yes, the brief details thereof,
(b) Whether the promoter Indian party(ies) is(a Reserve Bank for non-realization of export pro Banking System circulated by Reserve Bank. If so	ceeds or on the list of defaulters to the
(c) Any other information relevant to this proposa available in the host country for setting up / acquir	

I/ We hereby certify that the information furnished above are true and correct.

Place:	(Signature of authorised official)		
Date :	Stamp/Seal		
Name:			
Designation			
List of enclosures:			
1.	4.		
2.	5.		
3.	6.		

Section F: Certificate by the Statutory Auditors of the Indian Party

It is certified that the terms and conditions contained in Notification No. FEMA 120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004, as amended from time to time (Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of any Foreign Security) Regulations, 2004) have been complied with by the Indian party in respect of the investment under report. In particular, it is certified that:

- (i) the investment is not in real estate oriented or banking business, and
 - (ii) the amount of foreign exchange proposed to be purchased for remittance towards the investment together with remittances for all overseas investments already made and exports and other dues capitalized / swap of shares / investment from ECB / FCCB balances for investment abroad under the Automatic Route is within the limit stipulated by the Reserve Bank from time to time. This has been verified with reference to the net worth of the Indian party as on the date of last audited balance sheet, i. e.-----(date)
- (iii) has complied with the valuation norms prescribed for the investment
- (iv) has complied with the ECB guidelines #
- (v) that the Indian party (a) has made net profits during the preceding three years, (b) has fulfilled the prudential norms of capital adequacy as prescribed by the regulatory authority concerned; (c) has been registered with the appropriate regulatory authority in India and (d) has obtained approval for the investment in financial services sector activities from the regulatory authorities concerned in India and abroad *.

Note: *Applicable only in cases where the investment is in the financial services sector (e.g. insurance, mutual fund, asset management, etc.).

Applicable where investment is funded through ECB/FCCB balances.

(Signature of the Statutory Auditor of the Company)

Name of the firm, Stamp and Registration number

PART II

REPORTING OF REMITTANCES

For office use only

		te of R ard No	•	t		- -							
			t is in t	he exis	sting J\	//WOS	, pleas	se indi	cate Ur	nique I	dentific	cation N	No.
alread	dy allot	tted :											
No.													
` '		Indian	•	any: □	nany n	ame si	nce la	et reno	rting?	(V/N)			
` '		•	•				nce ia	si r e po	rung :	(17IN)			
lf.	Yes, s	specify	Old C	ompar	າv Nam	ne 📖							

DETAILS OF CURRENT REMITTANCES EFFECTED

(Amount in 000's of FCY)

			(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Code of Reporting AD		foreign currency**:			
(a) From EEFC A/c.					
Equity	Loan	Guarantee (Invoked)	Date of Remittance		
(b) By Market Purcha	ses				
Equity	Loan	Guarantee (Invoked)	Date of Remittance		
(c) From the ADR/GD	R funds				
Equity	Loan	Guarantee (Invoked)	Date of Remittance		
(d) By Swap of Share	S				
Equity	Loan	Guarantee (Invoked)	Date of Swap		
		XXXX			
(e) From ECB/ FCCB	balances parked in Inc	dia/outside India			
Equity	Loan	Guarantee (Invoked)	Date of Transaction		
(g) Capitalization of Exports/Other dues@					
Date of capitalization:		Amount:			
(h) Guarantee issued		Amount:			
(Fresh / Existing Guar	rantee Period				
Extended)					
Validity Period					

Note: ** Please indicate name of the foreign currency (FCY) as per SWIFT code.

@ Please specify the other dues being capitalized viz., royalty, technical know-how fee, consultancy fees, etc.

We hereby confirm that the remittance (strike out whichever is not applicable)

- i) has been allowed under the Automatic Route based on the certification given by the Statutory Auditors confirming compliance with the prescribed terms and conditions by the Indian party;
- ii) is in accordance with the terms and conditions of the approval letter issued by the Reserve Bank; and
- iii) in respect of the invoked guarantee remittance has been made after satisfying that the claim is in conformity with the terms and conditions of the guarantee issued to/on behalf of the JV/WOS abroad.

Place Date:		(Signature	e of authorise	d official of the l	oank)
Name Designation Tel. No. FAX No	: : :				Stamp /Seal	

PART III

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT (APR)

(To be submitted certified by Chartered Accountant through the designated AD Category– I bank every year within 3 months of the closing of annual accounts of the JV / WOS as long as the JV/WOS is in existence)

I. Date of APR :				
II. Unique Identification Numb	er :			
(Please indicate 13 dig	it Unique Ident	tification num	ber issued by RBI)	
III. Changes in capital structur	re since last re	porting		
	Amount (new))	% share (new)	
Indian				
Foreign				
IV. Operational details of the	JV/ WOS for th	e last two ye		n 000's FCY)
	Previous Yea	r	Current	
i) Net Profit / (Loss)				
ii) Dividend				
iii) Net worth				
V. Repatriation from the JV Foreign exchange earnings fr				
(i) Profit				
(ii) Dividend				
(iii) Retained Earnings*				
(iv) Investments into India				
(v)Others**(Please specify)				
*(Represent part of the pro JV/WOS). ** (Royalties, technical know-				ested in the
VI. Investment in step down s	ubsidiaries sind	ce last report	ting	
Country Name of JV/WOS				
Amount of Investment				
Place: Date :				

Name:----
Designation----
(Signature of the Statutory Auditor of the Company)

Name of the firm, Stamp and Registration number

Signature of the Authorised Official of the bank:

Name:

(Signature of authorised official)

Designation:

Report on Closure / Disinvestment / Voluntary Liquidation /Winding Up of JV / WOS

(To be submitted by the designated AD Category –I bank (All Amounts in FCY, in thousands)

Name and Address of th	ne AD Category – I bank: _					
AD Code:	AD Code:					
Unique Identification Number allotted by the Reserve Bank						
Whether APRs submitted regularly? (Y/N) Date of submission and period to which last APR relates:						
Details of Investment						
Equity	Loan	Guarantees Issued				
Details of Remittances						
Equity	Loan	Guarantees Invoked				
Changes in the capital Structure since the last APR						
Equity	Loan	Guarantees Issued				
Amount Repatriated on disinvestments						
Equity	Loan					

It is certified that (Strike out whichever is not applicable)

- I. (a) the sale is effected through a stock exchange where the shares of the overseas Joint Venture (JV) or Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) are listed;
- (b) if the shares are not listed on the stock exchange, and the shares are disinvested by a private arrangement, the share price is not less than the value certified by a Chartered Accountant /Certified Public Accountant as the fair value of the shares based on the latest audited financial statements of the Joint Venture or Wholly Owned Subsidiary;
- (c) The Indian party does not have any outstanding dues by way of dividend, technical know-how fees, royalty, consultancy, commission or other entitlements, and/or export proceeds from the Joint Venture or Wholly Owned Subsidiary,
- (d) The overseas concern has been in operation for at least one full year and the Annual Performance Report together with the audited accounts for that year has been submitted to the Reserve Bank;

Place Date:	(Signature of authorised official of the bank)
Name: Designation: Tel.No.: FAX No.:	Stamp /Seal

(e) The Indian party is not under investigation by CBI/ED/SEBI/IRDA or any other regulatory authority in India.

Instructions for filling up the Form ODI

(This part should be detached and retained by the applicant)

This set of forms attempts to capture basic information relating to overseas investments by Indian parties (as defined under Notification FEMA 120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004, as amended from time to time).

Part I contains details of the JV/WOS, Indian Parties and the financing pattern of the overseas entity.

Part II reports remittances certified by AD.

Part III is the Annual Performance Report, which contains brief particulars of the performance of the overseas entity and

Part IV is to be used at the time of disinvestment/liquidation/winding up.

Section D of Part I is critical, since information regarding ownership structure and financing pattern have been included here. In addition to details of remittance from India, Part I must report full details of funding through SPVs / subsidiaries overseas, share of foreign partners, etc.

- (1) Part I (barring Section C) of the form is required to be filled up by the Indian party seeking to invest in JV / WOS overseas either under Automatic Route or Approval Route and submitted to the designated AD Category I bank. Part I (Sections C and D) is required to be submitted, whenever the initial capital or financing structure of the JV / WOS reported to the Reserve Bank at the time of the initial remittance / approval undergoes changes by way of expansion, merger, infusion of additional capital, etc.
- (2) Under Automatic Route, in case of new proposals, immediately after effecting remittance, the designated AD Category I bank should forward Part I of the form along with Part II to The Chief General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, Central Office, Overseas Investment Division, (OID), Amar Bldg., Mumbai 400001 for obtaining the Unique Identification Number..
- 3) Under Approval Route, Part I of the form, after scrutiny, should be submitted by the AD Category-I bank, along with their recommendations, to the Reserve Bank at the above address. If approved, Part I of the form will be returned to the AD Category I bank and should be resubmitted by the AD Category I bank to Reserve Bank immediately after effecting the remittance, along with Part II of form at the address mentioned above.

- (4) In case of supplementary remittances, only Part II of the form, complete in all respects, is required to be submitted by the AD Category I bank to Reserve Bank. However, if capital structure / financing pattern, etc. of the JV / WOS have changed since reporting at the time of initial investment Part I of the form (barring Sections A and B) need to be submitted along with Part II.
- (5) In case more than one Indian promoter is investing in the same JV / WOS, details of each such promoter should be provided in a single format by the AD designated for the JV / WOS.
- (6) Annual Performance Report (APR) (Part III) should be submitted, through the designated AD Category-I bank, every year within 3 months of the closing of annual accounts of the JV / WOS for as long as the JV/WOS is in existence, at the address above.
- (7) All amounts of foreign currency (FCY) and Indian rupees (INR) should be in thousands only.
- (8) When JV / WOS is closed / wound up / disinvested / liquidated, etc., report should be submitted to Reserve Bank at the address above in Part IV of the form within 30 days of the disinvestment.
- (9) Reserve Bank reserves the right to put the information furnished here in the public domain.

For approval by the Reserve Bank, the following documents need to be submitted along with Part I.

- (a) A report from the bankers of the Indian party in a sealed / closed cover.
- (b) The latest Annual Accounts, i.e. Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Indian party along with the Directors' Report.
- (c) Additional documents as under, if the application is made for partial / full take over of an existing foreign concern:-
- (i) A copy of the certificate of incorporation of the foreign concern;
- (ii) Latest Annual Accounts, i.e. the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the foreign concern along with Directors' Report; and
- (iii) A copy of the share valuation certificate from:
- ▶a Category I Merchant Banker registered with SEBI, or, an Investment Banker / Merchant Banker registered with the appropriate regulatory authority in the host country, where the investment is more than USD 5 million (US Dollars Five million), and
- ▶ in all other cases, by a Chartered Accountant or a Certified Public Accountant.
- (d) A certified copy of the Resolution of the Board of Directors of the Indian party/ies approving the proposed investment.

- (e) Where investment is in the financial services sector, a certificate from a Statutory Auditor / Chartered Accountant to the effect that the Indian Party:
 - (i) has earned net profits during the preceding three financial years from the financial service activity;
 - (ii) is registered with the appropriate regulatory authority in India for conducting the financial services activity;
 - (iii) has obtained approval for investment in financial sector activities abroad from regulatory authority concerned in India and abroad; and
 - (iv) fulfilled the prudential norms relating to capital adequacy as prescribed by the regulatory authority concerned in India.

Overseas Investments - Proprietorship concerns / unregistered Partnership firms

Eligible Proprietorship concerns / unregistered Partnership firms may apply in Part I of form ODI through their AD Category – I bank, together with the latter's recommendations, in terms of para 4 of A. P. (Dir Series) Circular No 29 dated March 27, 2006 to the Chief General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, Overseas Investment Division, Central Office, Amar Building, Fort, Mumbai 400 001.

Appendix

List of Circulars/Notifications consolidated in the Master Circular <u>Direct Investment in Joint Ventures/ Wholly Owned Subsidiaries Abroad</u>

Notifications

SI. No.	Notification No.	Date
1.	FEMA.120/RB-2004	July 07, 2004
2.	FEMA.132/RB-2005	March 31, 2005
3.	FEMA.135/RB-2005	May 17, 2005
4.	FEMA.139/RB-2005	August 11, 2005
5.	FEMA.150/RB-2006	August 21, 2006
6.	FEMA.164/RB-2007	October 9, 2007

<u>Circulars</u>

SI. No.	Circular No.	Date
1.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.14	October 01, 2004
2.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.32	February 09, 2005
3.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.42	May 12, 2005
4	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.9	August 29, 2005
5.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.29	March 27, 2006
6.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.30	April 05, 2006
7	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 3	July 03, 2006
8	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.6	September 06, 2006
9	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 11	November 16, 2006
10.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 41	April 20, 2007
11.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 49	April 30, 2007
12.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 50	May 04, 2007
13.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.53	May 08, 2007
14.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.68	June 01, 2007
15.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 72	June 08, 2007
16.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.75	June 14, 2007
17.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No.76	June 19, 2007
18.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 11	September 26, 2007
19.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 12	September 26, 2007
20.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 34	April 03, 2008
21.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 48	June 03, 2008
22.	AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 53	June 27, 2008